

INSTALL GUIDE · LOG INTELLIGENCE

Install a log collector

Set up a computer that receives syslog from your firewalls, switches and servers and keeps it encrypted, searchable and tamper-evident, with off-site copies. Includes how much storage you need.

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<https://uplivra.com/guides/log-collector.html>

Separate computer, or together with a collector?

The same Uplivra program can be a collector, a log collector, or both. **We recommend a separate computer (or virtual machine) with its own disk for logs:**

- a burst of log messages can never fill the disk the collector or server needs;
- you can size and back up the log disk on its own;
- in a PCI or HIPAA environment the log store is easier to protect.

Collector and log collector on one computer is fine for small sites (up to about 25 devices sending logs), as long as the logs go on their **own disk**.

How much storage you need

Uplivra keeps logs compressed. A typical mix of firewalls, switches and servers sends about **3 messages a second per device**; after compression, each message takes about 60 bytes on disk.

Devices sending logs	Stored per day	90 days	365 days	Suggested log disk
25	0.4 GB	36 GB	150 GB	250 GB SSD
100	1.6 GB	146 GB	590 GB	1 TB SSD

Devices sending logs	Stored per day	90 days	365 days	Suggested log disk
500	8 GB	730 GB	3 TB	4 TB, or 1 TB with off-site archive

These are estimates: a firewall that logs every allowed connection can send ten times more. Setup does this calculation for your numbers, and after a week Uplivra shows your real volume and how many days until the disk is full.

How long to keep logs:

Rule	Keep	Always searchable
PCI DSS 10.5.1	12 months	The last 3 months
HIPAA (documentation rule, often applied to logs)	6 years	Your choice; keep older years off-site
SOC 2	Usually 12 months	—
CIS Controls 8.10	90 days	90 days

Computer: for up to 100 messages a second (about 30 devices), 2 CPU cores, 8 GB memory and a 500 GB SSD. For 1,000 a second, 4–6 cores, 16 GB and 2 TB. Always use SSD; never a Raspberry Pi's SD card.

Step 1: Add a disk for logs

In your virtual machine settings, add a second disk of the size above. On the Linux computer, find it and prepare it (this **erases** that disk, so check the name):

```
lsblk
```

The new disk is the one with no partitions, for example `sdb`. Then:

```
sudo mkfs.ext4 -L uplivra-logs /dev/sdb
sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/uplivra-logs
echo 'LABEL=uplivra-logs /var/lib/uplivra-logs ext4 defaults,noatime 0 2' | sudo tee -a
/etc/fstab
sudo mount -a
df -h /var/lib/uplivra-logs
```

The last line should show the new disk's size.

Step 2: Install

Follow steps 1–3 of [Install the Uplivra server](#) to copy and start the installer (`sudo bash install.sh`). Then:

Question	Answer
What should this computer be?	Log collector , or Collector and log collector
Number of devices sending logs	Your estimate. Setup shows the storage it needs
Days of logs to keep	365 for PCI DSS; 90 for CIS; 2190 for six years
Folder for log storage	<code>/var/lib/uplivra-logs</code> (the disk from step 1)
Server address and setup code	From Uplivra: Settings > Sites and collectors > your site > Connect a collector
Trust the server's certificate	Check the fingerprint matches the one Uplivra shows, or choose your CA

The network and time questions are the same as for the server. **Correct time matters for logs:** point it at the same time servers as your devices.

Step 3: Send logs to it

On the site's page in Uplivra (**Settings > Sites and collectors**), tick **Receive syslog here** and save. Then point each device's syslog at the log collector's address, port **514** (UDP or TCP). **Settings > Sites and collectors > How to send logs from common devices** has the exact settings for common firewalls, switches, Windows and Linux.

Messages appear under **Logs** within a minute.

Step 4: Set retention, warnings and off-site copies

Open the log collector's page (**Settings > Sites and collectors**, click its name):

- **Retention:** pick Recommended, PCI DSS, HIPAA, CIS Controls or your own numbers. The protected period is never deleted to make room; Uplivra warns you instead.
- **Warning level:** a warning when the disk is 75% full (you can change it) or will fill within 30 days.
- **Off-site copy:** Amazon S3 (turn on **Object Lock** on the bucket so copies can't be deleted early), Azure Blob Storage with a SAS link, S3-compatible storage such as Backblaze B2, Wasabi or MinIO, or a network folder. Click **Test** before saving.

The screenshot shows the Uplivra interface for configuring a log collector. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Overview, Devices, Network, Cloud, Alerts, Logs, Help desk, TOOLS, Intelligence, Compliance, Upgrades, Automation, Packet capture, Discovery, Reports, Status pages, Customers, and Settings (highlighted). The main content area is titled 'Branch East collector' and includes a status message: 'This collector hasn't sent a status report yet. Collectors on version 26.10 or later report their clock, disk, roles and log storage every 5 minutes.' Below this is the 'Settings' section with the following fields:

- Name:** Branch East collector
- Site:** Branch East (dropdown menu)
- Failover priority:** 100
- Notes:** Where the computer is, who looks after it

At the bottom of the settings section, there is a checkbox labeled 'Paused: stay connected but check nothing'. A tooltip explains: 'Useful while you move the computer. Its devices show "waiting" until you resume (or a standby collector takes over).' Below the checkbox are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

The log storage settings on a collector's page. [Demo data](#)

Encryption and the log key

Every hourly archive is encrypted with AES-256-GCM. The key is created on the log collector and a copy is kept, encrypted, on your Uplivra server, so a failed log collector doesn't lose your logs. An administrator can download the key from the collector's page (your password is asked again, and the download is recorded). **Keep a copy offline**, for example in your password manager or safe: without it, off-site copies can't be read.

Check the archive hasn't been changed

```
sudo uplivra logs verify
```

It checks every archive file against the hash chain and reports any file that's missing or altered. Other useful commands:

```
sudo uplivra logs usage                                # size, rate and days until full
sudo uplivra logs search -text "failed password" -from 2026-09-01
```

Troubleshooting

What you see	What to do
No messages arrive	Check "Receive syslog here" is ticked, the device points at the right address and port, and nothing blocks UDP/TCP 514
"The log disk is 80% full" (or any warning)	Add disk space, shorten retention (outside the protected period), or turn on off-site copies
"The log archive is full"	New messages are being dropped. Add space now
Wrong times on messages	Fix the device's clock or time zone; Uplivra also records when each message arrived